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5 Sem LLB (N) 1 LOCr 1

2012

(December)

LAW OF CRIMES – II

Paper : 501

(New Course)

Full Marks – 80

Pass Marks – 32

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

Answer any *five* questions.

1. Write short notes on any *four* of the following :

(a) Complaint

(b) Public Prosecutor

(c) Discharge and acquittal

(d) Investigation

(e) Final Report

(f) Inherent powers of court. $4 \times 4 = 16$

2. Discuss different classes of criminal courts and their powers as provided in the Criminal Procedure Code. 16

3. (a) What is meant by Summary trial ?

(b) What cases can be tried summarily and by whom ? $8 + 8 = 16$

4. Define charge. What particulars should a charge contain ? Can a court alter or add to any charge? $4 + 8 + 4 = 16$

5. Describe the procedure of trial in a summons case. What are the main points of difference between procedures of trial of a summons case and a warrant case ? $12 + 4 = 16$

6. What do you mean by bail ? What are the provisions made in the Criminal Procedure Code for granting bail to a person apprehending arrest in a non-bailable case ? $4 + 12 = 16$

7. Under what circumstances can search warrant be issued under Section 93 of the Cr. P. C ? Distinguish between the provisions of Section 93 and Section 94 of Cr. P. C. $10 + 6 = 16$

8. Can there be an appeal when the accused pleads guilty ? Is there any provision of appeal in petty cases ? 6+10=16

9. State the facts and the law laid down in : 16

Sanjoy Suri

Vs.

Delhi Administration, Delhi

(AIR 1988 S.C. 414)

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