

2017

(ii) Criminology and Penology

6.5

1. Choose the correct answer : $1 \times 10 = 10$

(i) Crime is "an act committed or omitted in violation of public law forbidding or commanding it." It was observed by —

- (a) William Blackstone
- (b) Professor Kenny
- (c) Jerome Hall
- (d) Austin.

(ii) Cesare Lombroso propounded —

- (a) Organic deficiency theory
- (b) Anomic theory
- (c) Ethnic theory
- (d) None of the above.

(iii) Sigmund Freud dealt with —

- (a) Heredity theory
- (b) Cultural conflict theory
- (c) Psycho-analytical theory
- (d) None of the above.

- (iv) Mental deficiency theory was propounded by —
- (a) E. A. Hooton
 - (b) W. H. Sheldon
 - (c) Jean Esquirol
 - (d) Jerome Hall.
- (v) Who coined the term white collar crimes —
- (a) E. H. Sutherland
 - (b) W. H. Sheldon
 - (c) E. A. Hooton
 - (d) None of the above.
- (vi) _____ committee stated that there is a nexus between the crime syndicates operating in the country and police.
- (a) Vohra Committee
 - (b) Malimath Committee
 - (c) Verma Committee
 - (d) None of the above.
- (vii) Tooth for tooth, eye for eye and nail for nail is the dominating principle of _____ theory :
- (a) Deterrent
 - (b) Retributive
 - (c) Preventive
 - (d) Reformative.

(viii) In *Sheela Barse vs. State of Maharashtra*, the court issued direction regarding :

- (a) the lodging of undertrials
- (b) legal aid to them
- (c) both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above.

(ix) Rehabilitation is a process of _____.

- (a) Reformation of the offence
- (b) Social defense
- (c) Punishment
- (d) None of the above.

(x) Probation officers to be considered as Public servants under section _____ of IPC.

- (a) 12
- (b) 21
- (c) 13
- (d) 31.

2. Answer the following questions :

2×5=10

- (a) What is the importance of criminology ?
- (b) Two drawbacks of Cultural Conflict theory.
- (c) What is Syndicate crimes ?
- (d) Define Parole.
- (e) Different kinds of punishment under IPC.

Answer the following questions.

3. What is Crime ? Discuss its various definitions. What is the nature and scope of Criminology ?

3+3+6=12

OR

Make a comparative discussion between positive school, sociological school and clinical school of Criminology. 12

4. "Crime rate rises in proportion to increase in poverty".

Discuss the above statement with the help of Bonger's theory. 12

OR

Critically analyse the Conflict theory of Crime. 12

5. Discuss the role of judiciary in prison reforms with leading case laws. 12

OR

Discuss briefly the various theories of punishment. Which theory is suitable in present scenario of our country?

6+6=12

6. What is an Organised crime? Briefly state its characteristics and kinds.

3+3+6=12

OR

Define White Collar Crime? Describe the remedial measures taken to combat white collar criminals.

4+8=12

7. Write a note on reformation and rehabilitation of offenders. 12

OR

What is probation of offender and what are its essential conditions? State its advantages and disadvantages.

5+3½+3½=12