6 SEM TDC PHY M 3

2016

(May)

PHYSICS

(Major)

Course: 603

(Nuclear Physics)

Full Marks: 60 Pass Marks: 24

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Choose the correct answer from the following: 1×5=5
 - (a) Isobar of nucleus $_{Z}^{A}X_{N}$ is a nucleus with
 - (i) same Z but different N
 - (ii) same N but different Z
 - (iii) same A but different Z
 - (iv) same A but different N

- (b) The pairing term in semiempirical mass formula is
 - (i) zero for odd-odd nuclei
 - (ii) positive for odd-even nuclei
 - (iii) negative for odd-odd nuclei
 - (iv) zero for even-odd nuclei
- (c) Nuclear force is not
 - (i) charge symmetric and charge independent
 - (ii) long range
 - (iii) attractive
 - (iv) saturative
- (d) Which of the following is (α, n) reaction?

(i)
$${}^{10}_{5}B + {}^{4}_{2}He \rightarrow {}^{13}_{6}C + {}^{1}_{1}H$$

(ii)
$${}_{4}^{9}$$
Be + ${}_{1}^{1}$ H $\rightarrow {}_{3}^{6}$ Li + ${}_{2}^{4}$ He

(iii)
$${}^{7}_{3}\text{Li} + {}^{4}_{2}\text{He} \rightarrow {}^{10}_{5}\text{B} + {}^{1}_{0}n$$

(iv)
$${}^{11}_{5}B + {}^{1}_{1}H \rightarrow {}^{11}_{6}C + {}^{1}_{0}n$$

- (e) Which of the following is not an elementary particle?
 - (i) Electron
 - (ii) Proton
 - (iii) Quark
 - (iv) Neutrino

2. Answer any five of the following questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) Why do neutrons exceed protons in heavy nuclei?
- (b) What is isospin? How is it different from spin?
- (c) Write and sketch the form of potential used in nuclear shell model.
- (d) Define nuclear reaction cross section.

 What is its unit?
- (e) Write down the possible nuclear reactions for the following:

(i)
$$\alpha + {}_{4}^{9}$$
Be

(ii)
$$\gamma \pm \frac{2}{1}H$$

- What are quarks? Write their different types.
- What is nuclear magnetic moment? What is its unit? How is it different from atomic magnetic moment?
 2+1+2=5

| 4. | Define nuclear binding energy. How does it |
|----|---|
| | depend on mass number of a nucleus? Find |
| | the energy release, if two ² H nuclei fuse |
| | together to form ⁴ He nucleus. |
| | [Hint: The binding energy per nucleon of ² H |
| | and ⁴ He are 1·1 MeV and 7·0 MeV, |
| | respectively.] |

5. Discuss the properties of nuclear force.

Or

Deduce the various terms in Bethe-Weizäcker semiempirical nuclear mass formula.

- Define nuclear fission. Calculate the amount of energy released in burning 1 kg of ²³⁸₉₂ U.
 [Hint: Consider fission energy per ²³⁸₉₂ U to be 200 MeV.]
- 7. Classify the elementary particles on the basis of their spins.
- 8. What is Q value of a nuclear reaction? Obtain a general expression for it. $2^{+4=6}$

- What are cosmic rays? Who discovered it?
 Write the compositions of primary and secondary cosmic rays.
- 10. What are nuclear accelerators? Explain briefly the principle, construction and working of any one of the nuclear reactors.
 2+5=7

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