

(Legal Language and RTI)

1. Define the terms only : 1×10=10
- (a) Client
 - (b) Legal Aid
 - (c) Legal Citation
 - (d) Lex
 - (e) Plaintiff
 - (f) Accused
 - (g) Right to Know
 - (h) Public Information Officer
 - (i) Severability
 - (j) Complaint.
2. Write short notes on : 2×5=10
- (a) Lawyer's duty to legal aid
 - (b) Plaint
 - (c) *Lex est norma recti*
 - (d) Two objects of the Right to Information Act
 - (e) Penalties under the Right to Information Act.
3. Describe the need to study Legal language at the entry level in the Law courses and also describe characteristics of Legal language.

Or

Write notes on :

6+6=12

- (a) Lawyer's duty to client
- (b) The five functions of the lawyer according to Arthur T. Vanderbilt.

4. Elaborate fundamental principles of legal Writing in India under Civil laws. 12

Or

Write notes on :

6+6=12

- (a) Drafting of law reports
- (b) Importance of legal citation.

5. Elaborate **any two** maxims with the help of historical development and relevant case laws : 6+6=12

- (a) *Aequitas sequitur legem*
- (b) *Ex turpi causa non oritur actio*
- (c) *Jus respicit aequitatem*
- (d) *Nemo debet bis puniri pro uno delicto.*

6. Elucidate contemporary history of Right to Information in India with the help of case laws. 12

Or

Write notes on : 6+6=12

(a) Procedure for obtaining information

(b) Disposal of request.

7. Describe composition, powers and functions of the Central Information Commission. 12

Or

Write notes on : 6+6=12

(a) Appellate provisions under the Right to Information Act, 2005

(b) The Assam Right to Information Act, 2001.
