## Total No. of Printed Pages—7

## 6 SEM TDC RMKT 3 (Sp) N/O

2017

(May)

**COMMERCE** 

(Speciality)

Course: 603

(Rural Marketing)

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(New Course)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 24

- 1. Answer the following as directed: 1×8=8
  - (a) Mention an adverse impact of globalization on the rural economy.
  - (b) Write the full form of ISI.

- (c) State one of the differences between rural market and urban market.
- (d) Branded products are sold at a higher price than unbranded ones.

(Write True or False)

(e) Business logistics is a part of physical distribution.

(Write True or False)

- (f) Digital banking can be resorted through
  - (i) mobile phones
  - (ii) Internet
  - (iii) green channel counter
  - (iv) All of the above
  - (v) None of the above

(Choose the correct answer)

(g) The process of dividing a market into is called market segmentation.

(Fill in the blank)

(h) State one of the basic objectives of the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.

- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following:

  4×4=16
  - (a) Scope of rural marketing
  - (b) Rural market opportunities
  - (c) Rural distribution channels
  - (d) Dynamics in rural marketing
  - (e) Rural retailing
- 3. (a) "Rural market suffers from a variety of constraints." Explain these constraints and suggest measures to overcome these constraints. 7+7=14

Or

(b) Discuss the evolution and development of rural marketing in India.

7+7=14

4. (a) What do you mean by rural marketing environment? Explain its dimensions. 4+10=14

Or

(b) Discuss the impact of economic and social-cultural environment on rural marketing operation. 7+7=14

5. (a) Discuss the importance of market segmentation in rural marketing decisions and briefly explain the methods of market segmentation.

7+7=14

Or

- markets (b) Why how are and segmented? Is segmentation always 4+4+6=14 necessary? Discuss.
- taken **6.** (a) What factors are determining consideration while the price of a consumer product? 14 Discuss.

What are the major logistic decisions (b) in rural marketing? Briefly explain each one of them.

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## (Old Course)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

## 1. Write True or False:

1×8=8

- (a) There is no role of branding and advertising in rural markets.
- (b) Industrial banks are basically ruraloriented.
- (c) Rural marketing can be more effective, if it is arranged through door-to-door campaigns.
- (d) Digital marketing means marketing of digital instruments.
- (e) Usually village industries are labourintensive and quick-yielding in nature.
- (f) ISI is the quality certification mark for agricultural products.
- (g) The rural market is an area of darkness to Indian entrepreneurs.
- (h) Rural marketing should not be considered as an expense but as an investment.

- 2. Write short notes on any four of the following:  $4\times4=16$ 
  - (a) Dynamics in rural marketing
  - (b) Cooperative marketing
  - (c) Product development in rural marketing
  - (d) Rural retailing
  - (e) Channels of distribution
- **3.** (a) Explain the nature and scope of rural marketing. 6+5=11

Or.

- (b) "We are moving into a new orbit of development, where the base is shifting constantly towards village India." Discuss the statement.
- **4.** (a) Explain the concept and significance of rural marketing environment.

4+7=11

Or

(b) Discuss briefly the influence of economic and socio-cultural factors on rural marketing operations.

5. (a) What is meant by rural market segmentation? Explain the criteria of successful rural market segmentation.

3+8=11

Or

- (b) Discuss the influence of rural market segmentation in rural marketing.
- 6. (a) What do you understand by product planning? Discuss briefly the problems of introducing a new product in rural market. 3+8=11

Or

- (b) Write an explanatory note on logistic issues in rural marketing'. 11
- 7. (a) Briefly discuss the internal and external factors that should be taken into account for pricing of agricultural products.

  6+6=12

Or

(b) Discuss the role of government in marketing of agricultural products. 12