## 3 SEM TDC PMTG 1 (Sp) (N/O)

#### 2016

(November)

**COMMERCE** 

(Speciality)

Course: 301

### ( Principles of Marketing )

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

( New Course )

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 24

Time: 3 hours

1. (a) Write True' or 'False':

 $1 \times 4 = 4$ 

- (i) Marketing means selling, but selling does not mean marketing.
- (ii) Market segmentation strategy and market positioning strategy are the facets of a single coin of segmentation strategy that identifies the customers to be targeted.
- (iii) All advertising is propaganda, but all propaganda is not advertising.
- (iv) Physical distribution is a major component of marketing mix.

	(b)	Fill in the blanks: $1\times4=4$
		(i) The concept of has turned everybody to enjoy now and pay later.
		(ii) The consumer buying process is a step activity.
		(iii) Branding is the process of finding and fixing the means of
		(iv) Wholesale traders are middlemen.
		(7) <sup>1</sup>
2.	Wri	te short notes on : 4×4=16
	(a)	Product mix
	(b)	Product emotional buying motives
	(c)	Skimming price policy
	(d)	Travelling salesman
3.	(a)	What are the significances of modern
•	(29)	marketing? Explain any six new waves
		of thought that have come to light in
		marketing. 6+8=14
		Or
	(b)	What is marketing mix? What are its
		elements? Discuss the variables of
		promotion mix. 2+4+8=14

4. (a) What are various stages of buying process? Discuss the major psychological determinants of consumer behaviours.

6+8=14

Or

- (b) What benefits accrue to a firm through practising the segmentation strategy?

  Critically discuss the bases for market segmentation.

  6+8=14
- **5.** (a) What steps are involved in new product development? Discuss how to achieve success in new product development.

7+7=14

Or

- (b) Explain the stages of product life cycle.

  What strategies a company resort to keep growing in growth stage? 8+6=14
- 6. (a) What are the goals and tasks of promotion? Discuss the factors that affect the promotion mix. 6+8=14

Or

(b) Explain the role of wholesalers in the process of physical distribution. Can they be eliminated from the process of distribution? Discuss. 6+8=14

# (Old Course)

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

1. (a) Write 'True' or 'False':

 $1 \times 4 = 4$ 

- (i) Megamarketing is the set of those strategies where closed markets are opened-up.
- (ii) Perception process leads to thought and thought leads to action.
- (iii) The riskiest part of marketing management today is the development and distribution of new product.
- (iv) Going rate pricing is the method of setting the prices on the basis of demand.
- (b) Fill in the blanks:

 $1 \times 4 = 4$ 

(i) Speed marketing is also called as \_\_\_\_ marketing.

- (ii) With the help of market segmentation, the firm would be in a better position to spot and compare marketing \_\_\_\_.
- (iii) In case of 'push' policy of marketing strategy, the \_\_\_\_ play an active role in creating demand.
- (iv) Advertising increases and stabilises the sales \_\_\_\_.

## 2. Write short notes on:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$ 

- (a) Place mix
- (b) Sociological determinants of consumer behaviour
- (c) Branding
- (d) Skimming price policy
- 3. (a) Compare 'marketing' with 'selling'.

  Discuss those entities with which

  marketing people are involved. 4+7=11

Or

(b) Discuss the factors which influence the marketing concept. What are the benefits of marketing concept to the firms and the society?

5+6=11

4. (a) What is consumer behaviour or buying process? Discuss those economic determinants which influence the consumer behaviours. 3+8=11

Or

- (b) Bring to light the costs of market segmentation. Discuss the benefits of sound marketing segmentation. 6+5=11
- **5.** (a) What are the objectives of product planning? How to achieve success in new product development? 5+6=11

Or

- (b) How is brand success determined?
  What are the benefits of branding to producers and consumers?
  4+7=11
- 6. (a) Explain the appropriate approach to pricing or pricing policy.

Or

(b) What is promotion mix? Discuss the factors that affect the promotion mix.

7. (a) Who is a wholesaler? Discuss the functions of wholesaler in the process of marketing of goods. Explain the services rendered by wholesaler to producer.

2+6+4=12

Or

(b) Discuss the role of physical distribution system and explain various components of physical distribution system. 6+6=12